

SFNMC Contact Meeting Shellman, Georgia July 29, 2025

2024 Container Herbicide Trials Gallery 75 DF



2024 Container Herbicide Trials

Gallery 75 DF

Purpose Methods



2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

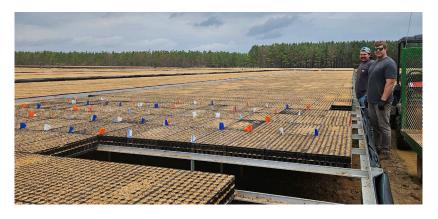
Purpose of trial

- To test Gallery®75 DF for its suitability for use in weed control in containerized seedlings
- SFNMC Gallery®75 DF history:

First SFNMC trial PRT-IFCO tested in 1 US nursery in 2022 and 2023 at 30 days post-sow Used in PRT Canadian nurseries

• Gallery®75 DF:

Pre-emergent
Broadleaf weeds, including carpetweed, hyssop spurge
U.S. label and Canadian labels are different
Corteva product



Nick Green and Nicholas Boone at PRT-IFCO Atmore AL Nursery





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

2015-1219 2015-04-23 Page 1

(Container)

Canadian label



Gallery™ 75 DF Herbicide

A selective preemergent herbicide for certain broadleaved weeds in conifer bareroot and container nursery stock for listed trees, shrubs and groundcovers grown for silviculture purposes, and containerized ornamentals grown in nurseries. For outdoor use only. Not for use on cut flowers.

COMMERCIAL

READ THE LABEL AND THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USING KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

GUARANTEE: isoxaben

REGISTRATION NO. 24110 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT



NET CONTENTS: 454 g

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc.

Suite 2100, 450 - 1 Street S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2P 5H1 1-800-667-3852

®™Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow

U.S. label



Specimen Label

Specialty Herbicide

*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

A preemergence herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds in:

- · Established Turfgrass
- Landscape Ornamentals
- Container Grown Ornamentals
- Field Grown Ornamentals Groundcovers/Perennials
- Non-Cropland
- Ornamental Bulbs
- . Non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards
- Christmas Tree/Conifer Plantations

isoxaben: N-[3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)- 5-isoxazolyl]-Other Ingredients

Contains 0.75 lb active ingredient per pound U.S. Patent Nos. 5,086,184 and 4,636,243

EPA Reg. No. 62719-145

CAUTION

Keep Out of Reach of Children

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

PRECAUCION

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes Eye Irritation • Harmful If Inhaled

Avoid ingestion, breathing dust or spray mist, and contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Applicators and other handlers must wear:
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouthto-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift may result in reduced germination or emergence of non-target plants adjacent to

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies elsewhere on this label. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs



Southern Forest Nursery Management Cooperate 2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Methods

- Trials in PRT-IFCO Atmore, AL Nursery
- Trials in longleaf, loblolly, and slash pine
- 3 rates: 0, 1/2X, and 1X label rate
- 3 application timings:
 - 1. at 1 week post-sowing
 - 2. at 6 weeks post-sowing
 - 3. at 1 week and 6 weeks post-sowing
- 90 trays per species used
- To determine effect of seedling survival (% fill), used initial number of cells sown and counted number of seedlings per tray prior to spray for 6 week post-sowing applications; counted number of seedlings per tray in all trays in November and December 2024
- In November and December, collected 10 sample seedlings per tray for processing
- Results in Research Report 25-03





RESEARCH REPORT 25-03

A TRIAL of ISOXABEN in CONTAINERIZED SEEDLINGS for CONTROL of CARPETWEED and OTHER BROADLEAF WEEDS

by

Nina Payne, Elizabeth Bowersock, Nick Green, Nicholas Boone, and Richard Cristar

INTRODUCTION

As containerized seedling production has increased in the southern U.S. over the past ten years (Enebak 2013; Newell and Bowersock 2023), so has the demand for higher quality seedlings, and the pressures on growers to produce these. One detrimental effect of growing seedlings in the open and in packaged media is the potential introduction of weeds into the growing trays. Few, if any, herbicides have been tested by their manufacturers in forest-tree containerized growing systems for control of specific weeds. This lack of herbicide producer testing has been filled by the Southern Forest Nursery Management Cooperative (SFNMC) herbicide testing program beginning in 2014 with trials of Marengo' (indazillam) (Eheabak et al 2014).

Of the herbicides tested in containerized growing systems by the SFNMC since that time, Ronstar Flo (oxadiazon) was found to control black willow and other weeds when applied at the time of sowing without harming seedlings (Payne, N. et al 2020). However, the use of this one herbicide to provide sufficient weed control over the entire growing season has been ineffective in some nurseries. Increased weed pressure later in the growing season and an increased variety of weed species necessitated continued testing of other herbicides in containers.

Because the pesticide labeling process for a new herbicide in container conifer nurseries can be lengthy (Fishel 2023), the opportunity to test a herbicide currently labeled in Canada for conifer container growing operations was taken in 2024. Gallery '75 DF (isoxaban) has been used in PRT container nurseries in Canada with success in controlling weeds in growing trays (N. Green, personal communication, February 8, 2024). Another PRT container nursery in the U.S. (Atmore, Alabama) provided for the installation of a SFNMC trial in 2024 on longleaf pine (Pinus palustris), loblolly pine (Pinus taeda), and slash pine (Pinus elliottii) grown in containers. The specific weed desired to be controlled at this nursery was identified as carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata), which is listed on the Gallery' 75 DF U.S. label as partially controlled or suppressed.

METHODOLOGY

This isoxaben trial was installed at PRT-IFCO's Atmore, Alabama container nursery in April, May, and June of 2024 in longleaf pine, loblolly pine, and slash pine seedlings. Two rates were tested in the trial: a low rate of 0.66 pounds per acre and a high rate of 1.33 pounds per acre. These rates were selected from page 3 of the U.S. herbicide label. SFNMC staff applied the herbicide with a CO, hand sprayer calibrated to broadcast a spray volume of 25 gallons of water per acre. Within each pine species, seedlings were treated at three different application timings: (1) one-week post-sowing, (2) six weeks post-sowing, and (3) one week plus six weeks post-sowing. Selection of the one week post-sowing.







2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Longleaf pine treated at 1 week post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ¹	Shoot height (cm) ^{2,3}	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g)
Control	68.8 ± 1.27	30.0 ± 0.31 b	8.01 ± 0.14	3.61 ± 0.11	13.0 ± 0.13
low label rate	67.9 ± 0.75	31.0 ± 0.23 a	8.16 ± 0.13	3.70 ± 0.86	12.9 ± 0.09
1X label rate	68.6 ± 2.20	31.8 ± 0.21 a	8.30 ± 0.12	3.60 ± 0.86	13.1 ± 0.15
p-value	0.910	<0.001	0.269	0.694	0.349

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (March 25) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 20).

²Bold within a seedling characteristic indicates significant difference between that rate and control (p>0.05).

 $^{^3}$ Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Longleaf pine treated at 6 weeks post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ¹	Percent fill of tray from 6 weeks post-sowing ²	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g) ³
Control	69.3 ± 1.17	97.7 ± 0.81	31.9 ± 0.27	7.86 ± 0.14	3.56 ± 0.14	12.2 ± 0.08 ab
low label rate	68.7 ± 1.22	96.8 ± 1.06	32.2 ± 0.24	7.54 ± 0.12	3.32 ± 0.08	12.1 ± 0.08 b
1X label rate	70.6 ± 1.45	98.6 ± 0.57	32.0 ± 0.24	7.93 ± 0.13	3.55 ± 0.06	12.5 ± 0.09 a
p-value	0.556	0.350	0.751	0.0764	0.151	0.027

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (March 25) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 20).

²Calculated from difference in cells containing seedlings at 6 weeks post-sowing (May 6) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 20).

³Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Longleaf pine treated at 1 and 6 weeks post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ¹	Shoot height (cm) ³	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g) ^{2,3}	Plug dry weight (g)
Control	70.3 ± 1.32	32.9 ± 0.23 ab	8.18 ± 0.12	3.73 ± 0.11 a	12.9 ± 0.21
low label rate	68.7 ± 0.96	32.2 ± 0.23 b	8.21 ± 0.12	3.55 ± 0.08 ab	12.8 ± 0.15
1X label rate	70.4 ± 1.48	33.1 ± 0.22 a	7.96 ± 0.12	3.39 ± 0.07 b	12.9 ± 0.10
p-value	0.569	0.020	0.290	0.042	0.812

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (March 25) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 20).

²Bold within a seedling characteristic indicates significant difference between that rate and control (p>0.05).

 $^{^3}$ Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Loblolly pine treated at 1 week post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ^{1,3}	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm) ^{2,3}	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g) ^{2,3}
Control	88.3 ± 0.77 ab	29.3 ± 0.34	4.83 ± 0.05 a	2.76 ± 0.08	12.5 ± 0.09 a
low label rate	92.2 ± 1.02 a	29.9 ± 0.33	4.59 ± 0.05 b	2.60 ± 0.04	11.9 ± 0.10 b
1X label rate	85.6 ± 1.90 b	30.2 ± 0.30	4.84 ± 0.05 a	2.74 ± 0.09	12.2 ± 0.15 ab
p-value	0.006	0.109	0.001	0.25	0.003

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (April 30) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 26).

²Bold within a seedling characteristic indicates significant difference between that rate and control (p>0.05).

³Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Loblolly pine treated at 6 weeks post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ^{1,3,4}	Percent fill of tray from 6 weeks post-sowing ^{2,4}	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g)
Control	90.1 ± 0.45 b	98.8 ± 0.26 ab	32.0 ± 0.32	5.03 ± 0.24	2.89 ± 0.07	12.2 ± 0.08
low label rate	90.9 ± 0.71 ab	99.6 ± 0.29 a	31.6 ± 0.31	4.84 ± 0.06	2.82 ± 0.07	12.4 ± 0.07
1X label rate	92.2 ± 0.56 a	98.3 ± 0.43 b	31.2 ± 0.30	4.76 ± 0.06	2.77 ± 0.07	12.0 ± 0.10
p-value	0.046	0.049	0.174	0.404	0.513	0.051

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (April 30) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 26).

²Calculated from difference in cells containing seedlings at 6 weeks post-sowing (June 10) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 26).

³Bold within a seedling characteristic indicates significant difference between that rate and control (p>0.05).

⁴Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Loblolly pine treated at 1 and 6 weeks post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ^{1,2,3}	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g) ³
Control	87.9 ± 1.00 a	33.2 ± 0.29	4.77 ± 0.05	2.90 ± 0.10	12.4 ± 0.13 ab
low label rate	88.6 ± 0.92 a	32.5 ± 0.33	4.78 ± 0.06	2.84 ± 0.06	12.2 ± 0.12 b
1X label rate	83.7 ± 1.54 b	32.6 ± 0.30	4.79 ± 0.07	2.89 ± 0.11	12.8 ± 0.13 a
p-value	0.014	0.264	0.972	0.901	0.018

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (April 30) to cells containing seedlings at collection (November 26).

²Bold within a seedling characteristic indicates significant difference between that rate and control (p>0.05).

³Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Slash pine treated at 1 week post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ¹	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g)
Control	80.9 ± 1.57	25.2 ± 0.34	4.64 ± 0.07	3.08 ± 0.10	11.8 ± 0.14
low label rate	83.5 ± 1.40	24.1 ± 0.34	4.59 ± 0.08	2.87 ± 0.14	11.6 ± 0.18
1X label rate	78.4 ± 2.15	24.7 ± 0.33	4.98 ± 0.18	3.17 ± 0.06	12.0 ± 0.12
p-value	0.128	0.058	0.052	0.138	0.151

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (April 25) to cells containing seedlings at collection (December 4).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Slash pine treated at 6 weeks post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ^{1,3,4}	Percent fill of tray from 6 weeks post-sowing ^{2,3,4}	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g) ^{3,4}	Plug dry weight (g) ^{3,4}
Control	76.9 ± 1.02 b	96.4 ± 0.74 b	26.3 ± 0.37	5.00 ± 0.08	3.48 ± 0.11 a	12.5 ± 0.12 a
low label rate	84.1 ± 0.88 a	98.7 ± 0.44 a	26.3 ± 0.37	4.78 ± 0.07	3.12 ± 0.10 b	11.8 ± 0.12 b
1X label rate	81.0 ± 1.08 a	98.9 ± 0.31 a	26.2 ± 0.37	4.98 ± 0.08	3.37 ± 0.08 ab	12.4 ± 0.06 a
p-value	<0.001	0.003	0.936	0.078	0.041	<0.001

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (April 25) to cells containing seedlings at collection (December 4).

²Calculated from difference in cells containing seedlings at 6 weeks post-sowing (June 5) to cells containing seedlings at collection (December 4).

³Bold within a seedling characteristic indicates significant difference between that rate and control (p>0.05).

⁴Different letters within a seedling characteristic indicate significant differences in rates (p>0.05).





2024 Gallery®75 DF (isoxaben) trials in container pine

Slash pine treated at 1 and 6 weeks post-sowing

Treatment	Percent fill of tray from sowing ¹	Shoot height (cm)	Root collar diameter (mm)	Shoot dry weight (g)	Plug dry weight (g)
Control	82.3 ± 1.07	24.5 ± 0.32	4.88 ± 0.08	3.23 ± 0.15	12.0 ± 0.14
low label rate	83.1 ± 1.11	24.7 ± 0.37	4.80 ± 0.07	3.12 ± 0.12	11.9 ± 0.10
1X label rate	82.6 ± 0.97	24.3 ± 0.33	4.80 ± 0.07	2.99 ± 0.12	12.0 ± 0.09
p-value	0.847	0.695	0.693	0.442	0.77

¹Calculated from difference in cells containing seeds at sowing (April 25) to cells containing seedlings at collection (December 4).







Conclusions

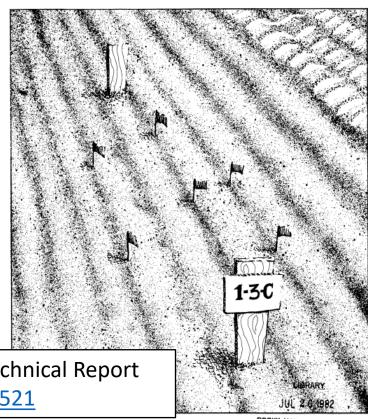
- First year of testing of Gallery®75 DF in container longleaf, loblolly, and slash pine showed good seedling tolerance
- SFNMC staff is in communication with Corteva to clarify allowable use of product according to the U.S. label
- It is legal for SFNMC nurseries to test this product without an experimental permit under

Federal Code of Regulations, Title 40, Chapter 1, Subchapter E, Part 172, Subpart A, Section 172.3

https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-40/chapter-I/subchapter E/part-172



Roger E. Sandquist, Peyton W. Owston, and Stephen E. McDonald



"How To Test Herbicides In Forest Tree Nurseries", USFS General Technical Report PNW- 127, accessible at https://research.fs.usda.gov/treesearch/7521

ROCKY MOUNTAIN STATION



College of Forestry,
Wildlife and Environment

Southern Forest Nursery Management Cooperative

